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Department of Environmental Quality
State Air Program

PRE-PERMIT CONSTRUCTION APPROVAL
AND PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION for
CARGILL ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE
KETTLE BUTTE DAIRY
ROBERTS, IDAHO

August 28, 2008

Kleinfelder Project Number: 96227

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Prepared for:

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PRE-PERMIT CONSTRUCTION APPROVAL AND PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION for CARGILL ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE KETTLE BUTTE DAIRY 20 North 2100 East Roberts, Idaho 83444

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August 28, 2008

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#### 1 PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Cargill Environmental Finance proposes to construct an anaerobic digester renewable energy system on property leased from the Kettle Butte Dairy. The site is located in Roberts, Idaho and presented in Figures 1 through 3. The facility is within Jefferson County, Idaho which is designated attainment or unclassifiable for criteria pollutants.

#### 1.1. Process Description

Manure from the dairy will be pumped into an anaerobic digester where the natural digestion process will produce methane rich bio-gas. The hydrogen sulfide content of the bio-gas will be reduced using a bio-scrubber conditioning system. The conditioned bio-gas will fuel two Genset reciprocating internal combustion engines. The Genset generators will produce electricity that will be sold to the local utility. Heat produced from the Genset electrical generators will be used to maintain the digester at an optimum operating temperature and as process heat for the dairy. The waste liquid in post digester manure is separated and will be utilized for irrigation and fertilizer. The solids will be used for cattle bedding and/or a soil amendment. A process flow diagram is presented in Figure 4.

The proposed project includes the installation of the manure digester, bio-gas conditioning system and Genset generators. The Kettle Butte Dairy will operate the dairy and manage the solids and wastewater generated by the process. This permit application is being submitted to obtain approval for construction and operation of the proposed project. Air emissions from the system are released through the two stacks associated with the Genset generators and an emergency flare that would be used in the event the generators are taken offline.

The proposed anaerobic digester renewable energy system will be operated by Cargill Environmental Finance on property leased from the Kettle Butte Dairy. The generators and the flare emissions will result in criteria pollutant emissions of carbon monoxide, particulate matter, nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide and volatile organic compounds. The generators will also emit toxic air pollutants (TAPs).

#### 1.2. Facility Classifications

SIC: 4911

The facility is classified by the Standard Industrial Classification # 4911 for Electric Services.

NAICS: 237130

The facility is classified by the North American Industry Classification System # 237130 for Alternative Energy Structure Construction.



#### 2 PRE PERMIT CONSTRUCTION ELIGIBILITY

Pre-permit construction approval is available for new minor sources that do not use emissions netting to stay below major source levels. The proposed project meets all of the pre-permit construction eligibility requirements. The emission calculations and data source reference information are provided in this application.

Cargill Environmental Finance is requesting from IDEQ the ability to commence construction of the source before receiving the required permit to construct. The owner understands that proceeding with construction prior to receiving the required permit to construct is at their own risk. This request is presented in the cover letter for this application.

The pre-permit construction process requires a meeting with IDEQ representatives before submitting the pre-permit construction permit. Kleinfelder representatives met with Kevin Schilling, Bill Rogers and Harbi Elshafei of IDEQ on April 9, 2008 to discuss the project and pre-permit application.

An informational meeting has been scheduled at the Idaho Falls Public Library on September 4, 2008. The meeting announcement was published in the *Idaho Falls Post Register*. A copy of the notice published in the Idaho Falls Post Register is presented in Appendix E.



#### 3 APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

#### 3.1. Major or Minor Facility Designation

The proposed project is considered a minor facility based on it's potential to emit. Please see detailed emission calculations in Appendix D.

Designated: \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_\_\_\_No Potential To Emit: 68.4 tons/yr

Pollutant which defines Potential to Emit: Carbon Monoxide

#### 3.2. Federal Requirements

No federal regulations other than NSPS SubPart JJJJ (40 CFR 60) are applicable to the proposed project.

The engines will be manufactured after June 1, 2008 and have a capacity greater than 500 hp but less than 1,350 hp and construction of the project will commence after June 12, 2006. Therefore, in accordance with 40 CFR 60.2430, 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ is applicable to this project.

The following NSPS emission standards are applicable to the proposed generators

Table 3-1
Summary of 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ Table 1.

		1.5 5 4	Emission standards <sup>a</sup>					
Engine Type and	Maximum	Manufacturer	g/HP-hr			ppmvd at 15% O <sub>2</sub>		5% O <sub>2</sub>
Fuel	engine power	Date	NO <sub>x</sub>	CO	VOC <sub>b</sub>	NOx	CO	VOC <sub>p</sub>
Digester Gas (except lean burn 500≥HP<1,350)	HP≥500	7/1/2007	3.0	5.0	1.0	220	610	80
Digester Gas Lean Burn	500≥HP<1,350	1/1/2008	3.0	5.0	1.0	220	610	80

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Owners and operators of stationary non-certified SI engines may choose to comply with the emission standards in units of either g/HP-hr or ppmvd at 15% O<sub>2</sub>.

The requirements of 40 CFR 60.4233(f) are applicable to this project. A maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance will be prepared and available at the site. An initial performance test will be conducted in accordance with the NSPS requirements and subsequent performance testing conducted every 8,760 hours of operation or 3-years which ever comes first. Performance testing will be completed in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ, Table 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> For the purposes of this subpart, when calculating emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC), emission of formaldehyde should not be included.



40CFR 60.4243(g) does not apply to this application. The engines do not require three-way catalysts /non-selective catalytic reduction to meet the emission standards because they are lean burn engines and not rich burning engines. EPA's interpretation of the applicability of this requirement for these types of engines is included in Appendix F.

Notifications will be made in accordance with the NSPS general provisions and Section 60.4245 of 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ.

## 3.3. Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho (IDAPA 58.01.01)

IDAPA 58.01.01.123 Certification of Documents

Based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, all statements and information contained in the application are true, accurate, and complete.

IDAPA 58.01.01.128 Confidential Information

The information submitted in the application is subject to public disclosure unless submitted under a secret trade claim.

IDAPA 58.01.01.130 Startup Shutdown, Scheduled Maintenance, Safety Measures, upset and Breakdown

If an excess emission event occurs during startup shutdown, scheduled maintenance, safety measures, upset or breakdown, Cargill Environmental Finance will comply with IDAPA 58.01.01.130 through IDAPA 58.01.01.136.

IDAPA 58.01.01.156 Total Compliance

Cargill Environmental Finance understands that when more than one section of rules applies then all such rules must be met to be considered in compliance.

IDAPA 58.01.01.201 Permit to Construct Required

Cargill Environmental Finance's will obtain a permit to construct from the Department which satisfies the requirements of Sections 200 through 208. The proposed project does not meet the permit to construct exemption criteria contained in Sections 220 through 223 of the Rules.

<u>IDAPA 58.01.01.203 Permit Requirements for New and Modified Stationary Sources</u>
This permit application demonstrates that the project will comply with all applicable emissions standards, ambient air quality standards, and toxic increments. See the modeling report attached in Appendix B.

IDAPA 58.01.01.210 Demonstration of Preconstruction Compliance with Toxic Standards

This permit application demonstrates preconstruction compliance with the Toxic Standards. See the ambient impacts assessment in Section 5.

IDAPA 58.01.01.223 Exemption Criteria, Recordkeeping, and Reporting for Toxic Air Pollutant Emissions



The proposed project does not meet the exemption criteria specified in sections 01 through 04 of Section 223.

<u>IDAPA 58.01.01.300 Procedures and Requirements of Tier I operating Permits</u>

The facility is not considered a major source and not subject to these requirements.

## IDAPA 58.01.01.577 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Specific Air Pollutants

The proposed project meets the ambient air quality standards specified in Section 577. See the ambient impacts assessment in Section 5.

#### IDAPA 58.01.01.578 Designation of Attainment, Unclassifiable, and Nonattainment Areas

The proposed project is located in Jefferson County which is currently classified as unclassifiable or attainment for criteria pollutants. Cargill Environmental Finance acknowledges that DEQ annually reviews areas for classification.

## IDAPA 58.01.01.585 Toxic Air Pollutants Non-Carcinogenic Increments

The proposed project will result in emissions of non-carcinogenic toxic air pollutants including acrolein, isomers of xylene, selenium, styrene, toluene, and trichloroethylene. These emissions will not exceed their respective screening emission levels. See the ambient impacts assessment in Section 5.

#### IDAPA 58.01.01.586 Toxic Air Pollutants Carcinogenic Increments

The proposed project will result in potential emissions of carcinogenic toxic air pollutants including acetaldehyde, benzene, dichloromethane, formaldehyde, dichloroethylene, nickel and vinyl chloride. The emissions of acetaldehyde, dichloromethane, trichloroethylene, and vinyl chloride do not exceed their respective screening emission levels, however emissions for benzene, formaldehyde, and nickel have potential to exceed each of their respective screening emission levels. Modeling results indicate all emissions for carcinogenic toxic air pollutants are below their respective AACCs. See the ambient impacts assessment in Section 5.

### IDAPA 58.01.01.590 New Source Performance Standards

Cargill Environmental Finance acknowledges that the proposed project must comply with the NSPS set forth in 40 CFR Part 60.

IDAPA 58.01.01.591 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
The proposed project complies with 40 CFR Part 61 and 40 CFR Part 63.

#### IDAPA 58.01.01.625 Visible Emissions

Cargill Environmental Finance will not discharge any air pollutant which is greater than 20% opacity from the stacks for more than 3 minutes in a 60 minute period. Cargill will comply with specified test methods and procedures.



IDAPA 58.01.01.650 & 651 Rules for the Control of Fugitive Emissions & General Rules Cargill Environmental Finance will take all reasonable precautions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne.

IDAPA 58.01.01.675 & 676 Fuel Burning Equipment – Particulate Matter & Standards for New Sources

The project will not discharge particulate above the applicable grain loading standard.

<u>IDAPA 58.01.01.700--702 Particulate Matter – Process Weight Limitations</u>
The emitting source is not considered process equipment and therefore the regulations do not apply to this source.

IDAPA 58.01.01.760 Rules for the Control of Ammonia from Dairy Farms

The proposed project is located on property leased from the Kettle Butte Dairy. The impact analysis for the emissions from the proposed generators demonstrates compliance with applicable standards at the boundary of the leased property. The dairy is owned operated separately from the generators. Therefore these rules do not apply

<u>IDAPA 58.01.01.775 Rules for the Control of Odors</u>
All reasonable precautions will be taken to control odors.

to this source.



#### 4 POTENTIAL EMISSION ESTIMATES

#### 4.1. Equipment and Source Description

Two Genset electrical generators are proposed to be installed adjacent to each other. The two generators are described in Table 4-1. There are no emission controls proposed for the generators.

Table 4-1
Equipment Description

	Emission Controls
Anaerobic Digester, Electric Generators, & Flare	
Anaerobic Digester Biogas Production: 650,000 c.f. per day	Internal combustion engines and flare reduce emissions from the project but are not considered emission controls
Bio-gas Conditioning System  Manufacturer: Paques  Model: Thiopaq  Type: Bioscrubber	The biogas conditioning system reduces SO <sub>2</sub> emissions from the Project but are not considered emission controls
Generator Engine No. 1  Manufacturer: GE  Model: Jenbacher J412 GS-A81  Rated Power: 1,180 horsepower  Ignition Type: Spark	
Generator Engine No. 2  Manufacturer: GE  Model: Jenbacher J412 GS-A81  Rated Power: 1,180 horsepower  Ignition Type: Spark	None
Flare  Manufacturer: Perennial Energy Flare Heat Release Rate: 1,071,145 cal/sec	



#### 4.2. Source Parameters

Each of the generators will have a 10-inch diameter stack extending 31 feet above the ground surface. The vendor estimated, based on the design parameters and modeling the operation of the units, that the typical stack temperatures and velocity will be 743° K and 20.72 meters/second, respectively.

The flare will be manufactured by Perennial Energy and will be capable of combusting all of the gas produced from the digester. The flare is 20 feet above ground surface and will operate when the engines are offline due to an emergency situation or for maintenance.

#### 4.3. Emission Factors

The emission factors used to estimate emissions from the generators came from multiple sources including AP-42, EPA's WebFire database and vendor information. The specific vendor information was determined most reliable, since it represents the specific operating conditions and equipment proposed for the project.

AP-42 Section 3.1 has published emission factor data for POTW digester gas-fired stationary gas turbines. In addition, AP-42 Section 3.2 has published emission factors for natural gas fired reciprocating engines. EPA's WebFire database provides limited data from internal combustion engines fueled from POTW digester gas. The WebFire data was collected in the early 1990s and is rated U (unrated)<sup>1</sup> by EPA. It does not provide supporting details about the source and operating conditions.

With the exception of particulate and SO<sub>2</sub>, vendor information was used to estimate emissions for all of the primary pollutants. Vendor information for this type of emission source is limited. Cargill Environmental Finance discussed with IDEQ during its July 30, 2008 meeting that the vendor data is an estimate that may need to be refined after the performance source test data for CO, NOx and VOC's is obtained. For example, vendor information for VOC emissions is based on tests conducted using EPA Method 18 data. The NSPS performance testing will be conducted using EPA Method 25A.

The  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  emission factors were selected from AP-42 Section 3.2, Table 3.2 – Uncontrolled Emission Factors for 4-stroke Lean –Burn Engines. The table presents D-Rated PM-10 (filterable) and PM Condensible emission factors for natural gas lean burn reciprocating engines. The PM-10 emissions represent the sum of the PM-10 (filterable) and the PM Condensable fractions, since the condensable fraction is likely less than 10 microns.

Emission factor is developed from source tests which have not been thoroughly evaluated, research papers, modeling data, or other sources that may lack supporting documentation. The data are not necessarily "poor," but there is not enough information to rate the factors according to the rating protocol. "U" ratings are commonly found in L&E documents and FIRE rather than in AP 42.



 $SO_2$  emission factors were calculated from the anticipated average concentration of  $H_2S$  in the raw and conditioned bio-gas. The  $H_2S$  will be oxidized to  $SO_2$  in either the engines or the flare. The  $H_2S$  concentration in the raw bio-gas is anticipated to average approximately 2,400 ppm. This concentration is consistent to similar systems. The biogas conditioning system is expected to reduce bio-gas concentrations to 350 ppm. Since the design of the operation allows the conditioning system to be bypassed, the flare  $SO_2$  emission factor was calculated based on the 2,400 ppm  $H_2S$  concentration. Only conditioned bio-gas will be combusted in the genset engines to avoid equipment damage, therefore the emission factor for the engines is based on the 350 ppm  $H_2S$  concentration.

TAP emission data from generators using digester gas fuel is likely more representative than data from generators using natural gas fuel. AP-42 Section 3.2, Table 3.1-7 Emission Factors for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Digester Gas-Fired Stationary Gas Turbines presents D-Rated uncontrolled emission factors acetaldehyde, formaldehyde, nickel and selenium. Other HAPs are presented in the data, but reported as nondetectible. The remaining emission factors were extracted from the EPA WebFire database. This data was identified as the least reliable of the available data. It is unrated by EPA and provides no supporting information to evaluate its relevance to the proposed project.

AP-42 Section 13.5 has published emission factor data for industrial flares. The emission factors presented in this section of AP-42 were developed from petroleum refinery flare emissions and are not representative of a manure digester system. AP-42 Section 2.4 has published emission factors for municipal waste gas flares. However, these were also considered not be representative of a manure digester system.

A search of EPA's RACT/BACT/LAER Clearinghouse database (RBLC) revealed a permit that was issued in 2007 for an anaerobic digester at an Archer Daniels Midland facility in Iowa. The database presents criteria pollutant emission factors for the digester flares that represent Best Available Control Technology (RBLC ID #IA-0088). The emission factors are similar to those proposed for the generators.

The revised emission factors for the flare are those identified in EPA's RBLC. The emission factors for hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) were assumed the same as the emission factors used to estimate the generator emissions.

#### 4.4. Emission Estimate

The hourly emission rates were calculated by multiplying the expected hourly BTU input by the respective emission factor. The BTU input was determined based on the bio-gas flow rate multiplied by the expected BTU value of 565 Btu/cf for the bio-gas. The maximum daily bio-gas production is estimated to be 650,000 cf/day. The hourly rate was estimated by dividing the maximum daily flow by 24 hours.



There is potential for the facility to bypass the bio-gas conditioning system if necessary for maintenance or in the event of malfunction. If the system is bypassed, bio-gas with higher concentration  $H_2S$  would be flared, resulting in higher emissions of  $SO_2$  than when the conditioning system is operating as designed. The emission estimate presented in Table 4-2 reflects hourly emissions of  $SO_2$  from the flare when it is combusting the un-conditioned bio-gas.

The generators will emit acrolein, isomers of xylene, styrene, toluene, selenium and trichloroethylene which are non-carcinogenic toxic air pollutants (TAPs) listed in IDAPA 58.01.01.585. The potential emission estimates for these compounds do not exceed their respective TAP screening emission levels (EL). The generators will also emit acetaldehyde, benzene, dichloromethane, formaldehyde, trichloroethylene, nickel and vinyl chloride which are carcinogenic TAPs listed in IDAPA 58.01.01.586. The potential emission estimates for acetaldehyde, dichloromethane, trichloroethylene, and vinyl chloride do not exceed their respective TAP EL. However, modeling was conducted for benzene, formaldehyde, and nickel because potential emission estimates exceed their respective TAP EL. Modeling demonstrates compliance with the Acceptable Ambient Concentration (AAC).

Table 4-2
Hourly Emission Estimate for Genset Generators and Flare

_IIIISSIUII LSIIIIIAIC I	Of Ochiact C	
Pollutant	Genset (lbs/hr)	Flare (lbs/hr)
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.15	0.11
SO <sub>2 (Note 1)</sub>	1.6	10.9
NO <sub>x</sub>	5.7	1.5
CO	15.6	3.1
VOC	1.3	5.5
Acetaldehyde	8.1E-04	8.1E-04
Acrolein	4.0E-04	4.0E-04
Benzene	1.1E-02	1.1E-02
Dichloromethane	1.5E-03	1.5E-03
Formaldehyde	2.9E-03	2.9E-03
Isomers of Xylene	2.1E-03	2.1E-03
Nickel	3.1E-05	3.1E-05
Selenium	1.7E-04	1.7E-04
Styrene	8.0E-04	8.0E-04
Toluene	4.0E-03	4.0E-03
Trichloroethylene	3.1E-04	3.1E-04
Vinyl Chloride	8.6E-04	8.6E-04

Note 1: hourly SO<sub>2</sub> emission calculations from the flare were calculated based on the anticipated average raw bio-gas concentration



#### 4.5. Potential to Emit

The potential to emit if all of the generators are operating at maximum capacity for the proposed project is shown in Table 4-3. Please see Appendix D for detailed emission calculations.

The potential to emit was calculated based on the genset engines operating 8,760 hours/year. Table 4-3 presents the potential emissions if the maximum expected annual biogas flow were combusted through either of the generators and if the maximum expected annual biogas flow were combusted through the flare. The flare is located after the  $H_2S$  scrubbing system, but its potential emissions reflect the concentration of  $H_2S$  in the raw digester gas as a worst case scenario. No limitation on the operation of the flare will be necessary to maintain the PTE of any criteria pollutant below major source thresholds.

Table 4-3
Potential Annual Emissions for Genset Generators and Flare

Genset	Flare
	PTE (Note 2)
	(tons/yr)
0.7	0.5
7	48
25	7
68	13
6	24
3.6E-03	3.6E-03
1.7E-03	1.7E-03
4.7E-02	4.7E-02
6.8E-03	6.8E-03
1.2E-02	1.2E-02
9.2E-03	9.2E-03
1.3E-04	1.3E-04
7.4E-04	7.4E-04
3.5E-03	3.5E-03
1.8E-02	1.8E-02
1.3E-03	1.3E-03
3.8E-03	3.8E-03
	7 25 68 6 3.6E-03 1.7E-03 4.7E-02 6.8E-03 1.2E-02 9.2E-03 1.3E-04 7.4E-04 3.5E-03 1.8E-02 1.3E-02

Note 1: PTE is calculated based on 8,760 hours/year of Genset engine operation.

Note 2: PTE is calculated based on 8,760 hours/year of flare operation.

Note 3: SO<sub>2</sub> PTE from the flare is calculated using raw un-conditioned biogas.



#### 4.6. Emission Limits

The concentration of the Hydrogen Sulfide  $(H_2S)$  entering the generators will be maintained below 350 ppm. As discussed during the pre-permit meeting with DEQ, Cargill Environmental Finance prefers mass based emission limits instead of concentration based limits in its permit. Cargill is committed to:

- Monitor H2S concentration between the bio-gas conditioning system and Gensets
- Monitor bio-gas flowrate through the system.

The emission factors for the primary pollutants are estimates based on the best available information. Cargill will conduct performance source testing according to New Source Performance Standards. The testing will provide site specific information that will increase the understanding of emissions form the source. Cargill requests flexibility in its permit to allow revision of emissions estimates, as appropriate, when site specific information is collected.



#### 5 AMBIENT IMPACT ASSESSMENTS

Air quality modeling was conducted consistent with the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ) Dispersion Modeling Guidelines (Guidelines), revised December 31, 2002, and the Ambient Air Quality Modeling Protocol for this project submitted to IDEQ and approved April 7, 2008.

Slight deviations were made after the approval of the Air Quality Modeling Protocol. Because the proposed project on Kettle Butte Dairy is considered to be a source separate from the dairy, the leased property boundary is considered to be the nearest public receptor. The closest boundary is approximately 100 feet (30.48 m) from the source. However, we selected the maximum modeled concentration generated by the model to demonstrate compliance with National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The Genset generators and the flare were modeled independently assessing the impact at the maximum impact which occurred outside the anticipated lease boundary for the site.

The stack velocity changed to 20.72 m/sec because of the change in manufacturer of the Gensets. The stack height was increased from 26 feet to 31 feet (9.45 m). The Screen3 outputs files are attached in Appendix D.

The table below shows the modeled results of the ambient air impacts from the Genset generators and the flare. The modeled impacts from criteria pollutants are compared to NAAQS. The modeled impacts from TAPs are compared to State of Idaho AACs.

Based on the analysis performed, the proposed stationary source will not cause or significantly contribute to a violation of any ambient air quality standard and demonstrates pre-construction compliance with IDAPA 58.01.01, Section 161 with regards to TAP emissions.

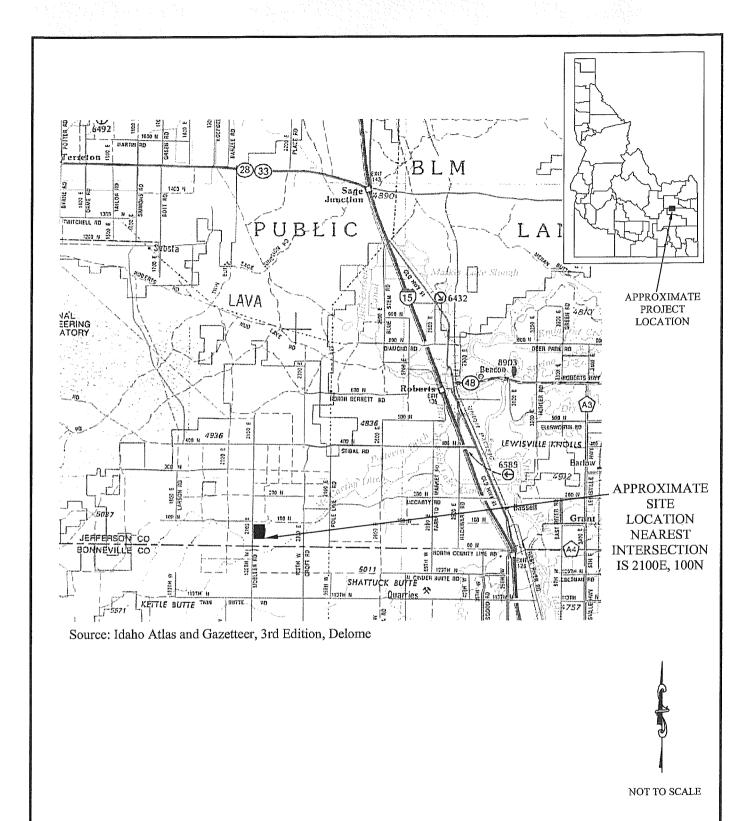


Table 5-1
Modeling Results

Pollutant	Averaging	Modeled Ambient (	Concentrations	NAAQS/AAC
	period	(µg/m	(µg/m3)	
		Gensets Engines	Flare	
PM10	24-hr	78	74	150
	Annual	27	26	50
SO2	3-hr	158	310	1,300
	24-hr	81	149	365
	Annual	19	33	80
NO2	Annual	46	20	100
CO	1-hr	4941	3685	40,000
	8-hr	3238	2359	10,000
Pb	Qtrly	n/a	n/a	1.5
Acetaldehyde	Annual	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
Acrolein	24-hr	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
Benzene	Annual	0.11	0.04	0.12
Dichloromethane	Annual	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	0.24
Formaldehyde	Annual	0.03	0.01	0.077
Isomers of Xylene	24-hr	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
Nickel	Annual	0.0003	0.0001	0.004
Selenium	24-hr	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
Styrene	24-hr	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
Toluene	24-hr	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
Trichloroethylene	24-hr	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
•	Annual	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a
Vinyl Chloride	Annual	Below TAP EL	Below TAP EL	n/a



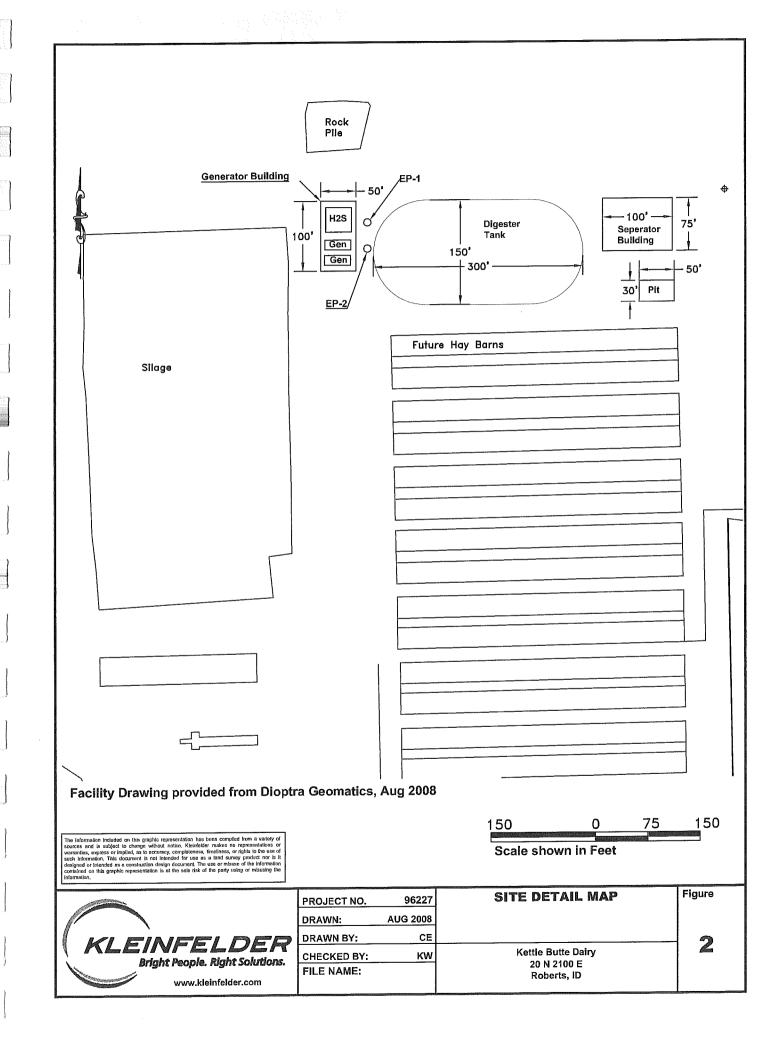
## **FIGURES**

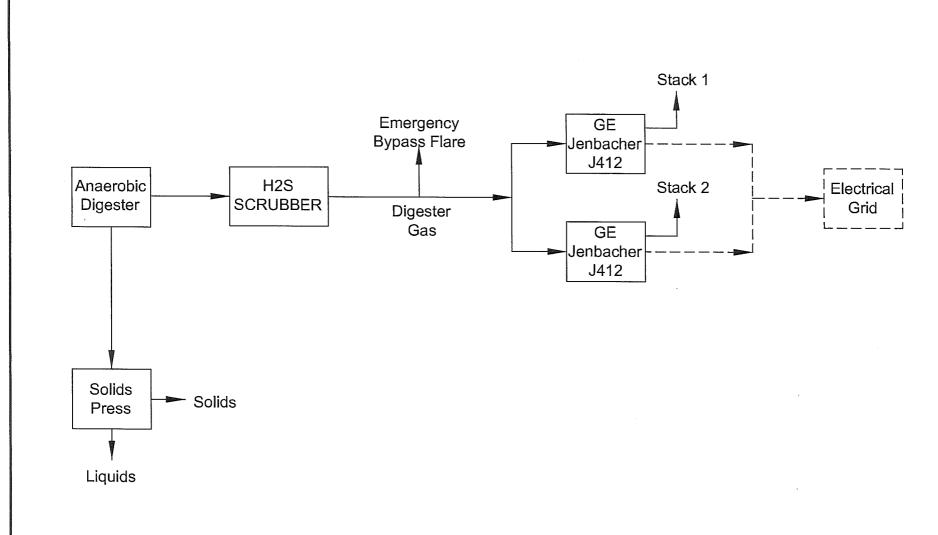


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PROJECT NO.	96227	SITE LOCATION MAP	Figure
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PROJECT NO.	96227	PROCESS FLOW CHART	Figure
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CHECKED BY:	KW	Kettle Butte Dairy	3
FILE NAME:	-	20 N 2100 E Roberts, ID	
	DRAWN: DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY:	DRAWN: AUG 2008 DRAWN BY: CE CHECKED BY: KW	DRAWN:         AUG 2008           DRAWN BY:         CE           CHECKED BY:         KW           Kettle Butte Dairy           FILE NAME:         20 N 2100 E



# APPENDIX A Permit to Construct Application Forms



## PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 04/03/07

Please see instructions on page 2 before filling out the form.

		, 0		
COMPANY NAME, FACILITY NAME, AND FACILITY ID NUMB				
1. Compar	ny Name	Cargill Environmental Finance		
2. Facility	Name	Kettle Butte Dairy 3. Facility ID No. 1		
	oject Descri nce or less	ption - Dairy Anaerobic Digester which captures biogas to product through gensets.	e electricity	
4. 4. 4		PERMIT APPLICATION TYPE		
5. 🛭 Nev	v Facility	New Source at Existing Facility Unpermitted Existing S	ource	
		Source: Permit No.: Date Issued:		
Req	uired by En	forcement Action: Case No.:	-	
6. 🛭 Min	or PTC	Major PTC		
1000		FORMS INCLUDED		
Included	N/A	Forms	DEQ Verify	
$\boxtimes$		Form GI – Facility Information		
		Form EU0 – Emissions Units General		
$\boxtimes$		Form EU1 - Industrial Engine Information Please Specify number of forms attached:		
		Form EU2 - Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants Please Specify number of forms attached:		
	$\boxtimes$	Form EU3 - Spray Paint Booth Information Please Specify number of forms attached:		
	$\boxtimes$	Form EU4 - Cooling Tower Information Please Specify number of forms attached:		
	$\boxtimes$	Form EU5 – Boiler Information Please Specify number of forms attached:		
	$\boxtimes$	Form HMAP – Hot Mix Asphalt Plant Please Specify number of forms attached:		
		Form CBP - Concrete Batch Plant Please Specify number of forms attached:		
	$\boxtimes$	Form BCE - Baghouses Control Equipment		
$\boxtimes$		Form SCE - Scrubbers Control Equipment		
$\boxtimes$		Forms El-CP1 - El-CP4 - Emissions Inventory- criteria pollutants (Excel workbook, all 4 worksheets)		
□ PP-P		PP – Plot Plan		
		Forms MI1 – MI4 – Modeling (Excel workbook, all 4 worksheets)		
$\boxtimes$		Form FRA – Federal Regulation Applicability		

DEQ USE ONLY
Date Received
Project Number
December / Face Instruded?
Payment / Fees Included? Yes No
Yes [_] 100 [_]
Check Number



### PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 03/26/07

Please see instructions on page 2 before filling out the form.

All information is required. If information is missing, the application will not be processed.

equinoui ii i					
	IDENTIFICATION				
Carg	gill Environmental Finance				
1) Kettle	Kettle Butte Dairy				
1					
	y Anaerobic Digester which captures biogas to produce electricity through				
1,4	FACILITY INFORMATION				
I <del></del>	Federal government County government City government				
Ryan	n Coleman - Project Engineer				
ddress 208-3	345-2324 or/cell 208-340-6421 ryan_coleman@cargill.com				
n/Title Gary	y Rimmey Senior Operations and Maintenance Manager				
ddress 984-9	952-3887 gary_rimmey@cargill.com				
be sent Mail	I stop 139 12700 Whitewater Dr. (AND) 1410 Camelback LN. Suite 229				
Minn	netonka, Minnesota 55343 Boise, ID 83702				
different Kettle	le Butte Dairy 20 N. 2100 E.				
Robe	erts, ID 83444				
☐ Y	∕es ⊠ No				
	ry SIC: 4911 Secondary SIC (if any): NAICS: 237130				
	erobically digest cow manure and capture methane to power engine and produce tricity.				
ous facility operates					
294.5 645	PERMIT APPLICATION TYPE				
☐ Mo	<ul> <li>New Facility ☐ New Source at Existing Facility ☐ Unpermitted Existing Source</li> <li>☐ Modify Existing Source: Permit No.: Date Issued:</li> <li>☐ Permit Revision</li> <li>☐ Required by Enforcement Action: Case No.:</li> </ul>				
0.0	CERTIFICATION				
IN ACCORDANCE WITH IDAPA 58.01.01.123 (RULES FOR THE CONTROL OF AIR POLLUTION IN IDAHO), I CERTIFY BASED ON INFORMATION AND BELIEF FORM AFTER REASONABLE INQUIRY, THE STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION IN THE DOCUMENT ARE TRUE, ACCURATE, AND COMPLETE.					
	Ryan Coleman - Project Engineer				
SIGNATURE	Date:				
1. 🛛 Check here to indicate you would like to review a draft permit prior to final issuance.					
	T.01.123 (RULES LE INQUIRY, THE SEC/Title SIGNATURE				



## PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 03/27/07

Please see instructions on pa	age 2 before	e filling out th	ne form.				
		IDENTIFICAT	TION				
Company Name:		Facility Name:			Facilit	Facility ID No:	
Cargill Environmental Finance	Kettle B	utte		1			
Brief Project Description:		Dairy Ar	naerobic Dige	ster that colle	cts biogas & ge	nerates electricity	
	RIOISSIM	UNIT (PRO	CESS) IDENT	IFICATION 8	DESCRIPTIO	N	
Emissions Unit (EU) Name:	FLARE						
2. EU ID Number:	EP-3						
3. EU Type:	⊠ Nev □ Mo	w Source dification to a P	Unpermitted Exermitted Exermitted Source	xisting Source Previous Perm	it#: Date	e Issued:	
4. Manufacturer:	PEREI	NNIAL ENERG	Y				
5. Model:	ENCL	OSED GROUNI	) FLARE				
6. Maximum Capacity:	650,00	0 CF/DAY	***				
7. Date of Construction:	9/15/20	008					
8. Date of Modification (if any)	NA						
9. Is this a Controlled Emission Un	it? ⊠ No			water in the case of the second secon	If No, go to line 18	3.	
		EMISSION	IS CONTROL	. EQUIPMEN	Taraf (198		
10. Control Equipment Name and ID		NA	1				
11. Date of installation:		NA 12. Date of Modification (if any): NA					
13. Manufacturer and Model Number	•	NA					
14. ID(s) of Emission Unit Controlled		NA					
15. Is operating schedule different th units(s) involved?	an emission	☐ Yes ☐	] No				
16. Does the manufacturer guarantee efficiency of the control equipment?	e the control	□ Yes □ No (If Yes, attach and label manufacturer guarantee)					
Cincional of the control oguspinone.				Pollutant Conf	rolled		
	PM	PM10	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	voc	CO	
Control Efficiency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
17. If manufacturer's data is not avail to support the above mentioned cont		separate sheet	of paper to provi	de the control ed	uipment design sp	ecifications and performance data	
EMISSI	ON UNIT C	PERATING	SCHEDULE	(hours/day,	hours/year, or	other)	
18. Actual Operation	IN AN EM	IERGENCY OR	MAINTENANCE	SITUATION			
19. Maximum Operation	EMISSIO	N ESTIMATE IS	S BASED ON 8,7	60 HOURS/YEA	R		
		R	QUESTED L	IMITS		A STATE OF THE STA	
20. Are you requesting any permit	Yes 🛛 N	No (If Yes, ched	ck all that apply b	pelow)			
☐ Operation Hour Limit(s):							
☐ Production Limit(s):	<u> </u>						
☐ Material Usage Limit(s):							
☐ Limits Based on Stack Testi	ng Ple	ase attach all re	elevant stack test	ing summary rep	orts		
Other:							
21. Rationale for Requesting the Li	mit(s): NA						

## Emissions Units - Industrial Engine Information $Form\ EU1$



DEQ AIR QUALITY PROGRAM 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 For assistance, call the Air Permit Hotline – 1-877-5PERMIT

## PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 03/27/07

Please see instructions on page 2 before filling out the form.

			IDENTIFICATION								
Company Name:		Facility	/ Name:		Facility ID	No:					
Cargill Environmental F	inance	1	Kettle Butte Dairy 1								
	manoc			that collects	e biogae	& makes electricity					
Brief Project Description:  Dairy Anaerobic Digester that collects biogas & makes											
EXEMPTION  Please refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.222.01.c and d for a list of internal combustion engines											
that are exempt from the Permit to Construct requirements.											
ENGINE (EMISSION UNIT) DESCRIPTION AND SPECIFICATIONS											
1. Type of Unit: New Unit Unpermitted Existing Unit  Modification to a Unit with Permit #: Date Issued:											
2. Use of Engine: Norma	l Operation	☐ Emerg	ency 🗌 Back-up 🔯	Other: Renew	vable Ener	gy					
3. Engine ID Number:		4. Rated Po	ower:								
EP-1		☑ 1180	Brake Horsepower(bhp)	848 □	Kilowatts(k	(W)					
5. Construction Date:		6. Manufac	turer:	7. Model:							
9/15/08		GE		Jenbach	er J 412 G	S-A81					
8. Date of Modification (if app	licable):	9. Serial Nu	ımber (if available):	10. Control	Device (if	any):					
NA	ĺ	NA		NA							
But in the second of		UEL DESCR	RIPTION AND SPECIFICA	ATIONS							
11.	Diese	el Fuel (# )	Gasoline Fuel	☐ Natura	al Gas	Other Fuels					
Fuel Type	(ga	ıl/hr)	(gal/hr)	(cf/hr	-)	(unit:cf/hr)					
12. Full Load Consumption Rate						15,847					
13. Actual Consumption Rate						13,542					
14.			NI/A	NI/A							
Sulfur Content wt%		A	N/A	N/A		the figure and the second					
	// /		ING LIMITS & SCHEDU								
15. Imposed Operating Limits	(nours/yea	r, or gallons	ruei/year, etc.):								
NA											
16. Operating Schedule (hour	•	ths/year, etc	.):								
24 hours a day, 365 d	ays a year										

## Emissions Units - Industrial Engine Information Form EU1



## DEQ AIR QUALITY PROGRAM 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 For assistance, call the Air Permit Hotline – 1-877-5PERMIT

## PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

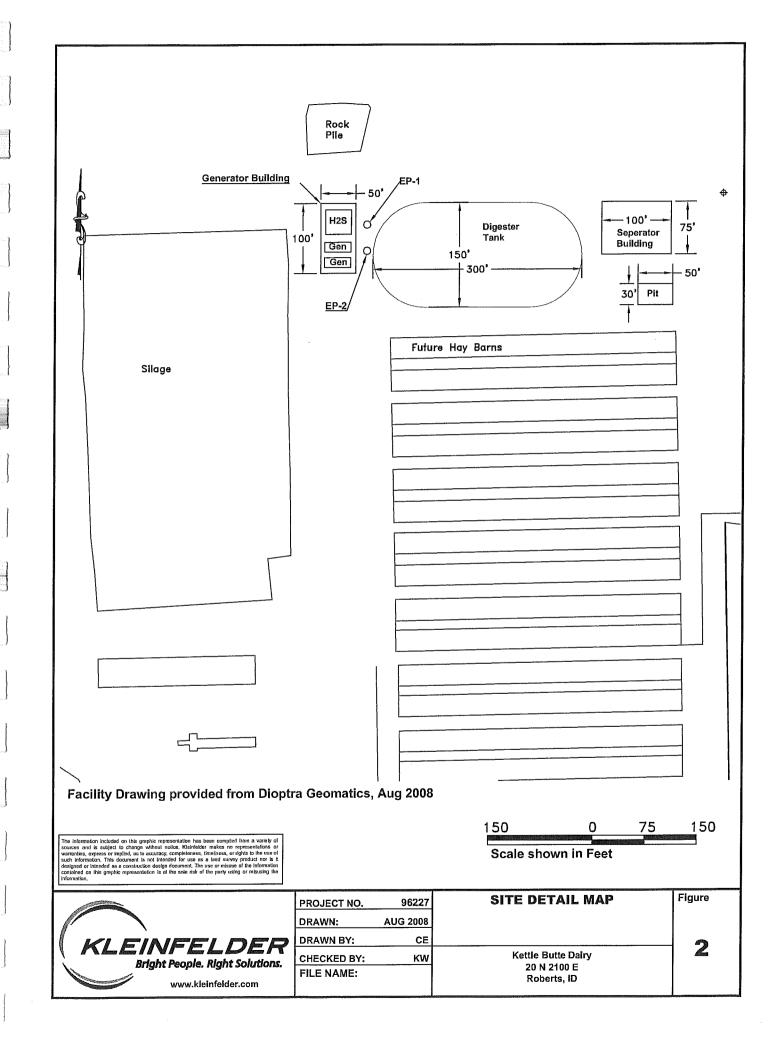
Revision 3 03/27/07

Please see instructions on page 2 before filling out the form.

Flease see ilistractions on pa	igo z boloi	o mining out to	10 101111							
		11.00	IDENTIFICATION							
Company Name:		Facility	Name:	Facility II	D No:					
Cargill Environmental F	inance	Kettle	Cettle Butte Dairy 1							
Brief Project Description: Dairy Anaerobic Digester that collects biogas & makes e										
			EXEMPTION							
Please refer	to IDAPA that are e	58.01.01.222 exempt from	.01.c and d for a list of the Permit to Construc	internal combustion at requirements.	engines					
	NGINE (EN	AISSION UN	IT) DESCRIPTION AND	SPECIFICATIONS	A Part of the Part					
1. Type of Unit: New Un		npermitted Ex Init with Perm		ıed:						
2. Use of Engine: Normal Operation Emergency Back-up Other: Renewable Energy										
3. Engine ID Number:		4. Rated Po	wer:							
EP-2		⊠ 1180	Brake Horsepower(bhp)	848 Kilowatts     848	s(kW)					
5. Construction Date:	5. Construction Date: 6. N			7. Model:	7. Model:					
9/15/08		GE		Jenbacher J 412	GS-A81					
8. Date of Modification (if app	9. Serial Nu	mber (if available):	10. Control Device	(if any):						
NA	NA NA			NA						
	udr - F	UEL DESCR	IPTION AND SPECIFIC	ATIONS						
11.	☐ Diese	el Fuel (# )	☐ Gasoline Fuel	☐ Natural Gas	Other Fuels					
Fuel Type	(ga	al/hr)	(gal/hr)	(cf/hr)	(unit:cf/hr)					
12. Full Load Consumption Rate					15,847					
13. Actual Consumption Rate					13,542					
14. Sulfur Content wt%			N/A	N/A						
		OPERAT	ING LIMITS & SCHEDU	LE THE						
15. Imposed Operating Limits	(hours/yea	ar, or gallons	fuel/year, etc.):							
NA				•						
16. Operating Schedule (hour	s/day, mon	iths/year, etc	.):							
24 hours a day, 365 d	ays a year									

Facility-Wide Emission Inventory - Criteria Pollutants - Point Sources Form El-CP1

0	DEQ AIR QUA 1410 N. Hilton, For assistance Air Permit Hot	, Boise, ID 8371 , call the	06	PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLIC								Revision 3 4/5/2007	
	·			ease seë instru	ictions on pagi	e 2 before fillin	g out the form.						
Company Name: Facility Name:	Cargill Enviro	nmental Finan	ce										
Facility Name: Facility ID No.:	<del> </del>			- 11 V		K	ettle Butte Dair 1	У	- 14 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Brief Project Description:	Dairy Anaerobi	ic Digester whic	h captures bio	gas to produce	electricity thro	ugh gensets.		<del></del>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	SUM	MARY OF F	ACILITY WI	DE EMISSIO	ON RATES	OR CRITE	RIA POLLU	TANTS - PO	INT SOURC	ES			
1.	2.		A <sub>10</sub>					3.					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Emissions units	Stack ID	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	O <sub>2</sub> T/yr	Ib/hr	O <sub>X</sub>		0		oc		ad
		19/11	1, 41	10/111	Point So	ID/IIIF	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr
GE Jenbacher 412	EP-1	0.08	0.34	0.80	3.50	2.86	12.54	7.81	34.19	0.65	2.85	N/A	N/A
GE Jenbacher 412	EP-2	0.08	0.34	0.80	3.50	2.86	12.54	7.81	34,19	0.65	2.85	N/A	N/A
Perennial Energy Flare	EP-3	0.11	0.50	10,98	48.08	1.53	6.70	3.06	13.40				
		-	0.00	10,30	40.00	, 1.00	0.70	3.06	13.40	5.51	24.13	N/A	: N/A
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• •										
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		11	7.50			******							No. of
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Total							14			1.5.	ing/st		
Total	L	0.27	1.18	12.58	55.08	7.25	31.78	18.68	81.78	6.81	29.83		



#### Modeling Information - Impact Analysis Form MI1



DEQ AIR QUALITY PROGRAM 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 For assistance, call the Air Permit Hotline - 1-877-5PERMIT

#### PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 4/5/2007

Please see instructions on page 2 before filling out the form.

Company Name: Cargill Environmental Finance

Facility Name: Kettle Butte Dairy

Facility ID No.: 1

Brief Project Description: Dairy anaerobic digester which captures biogas to produce electricity through gensets.

SUMMARY OF AIR IMPACT ANALYSIS RESULTS - CRITERIA POLLUTANTS											
		1.		2.	3.	4.		5.			
Criteria Pollutants	Averaging Period	Significant Impact Analysis Results (µg/m3)	Significant Contribution Level (µg/m3)	Full Impact Analysis Results (µg/m3)	Background Concentration (µg/m3)	Total Ambient Impact (µg/m3)	NAAQS (µg/m3)	Percent of NAAQS			
PM <sub>10</sub>	24-hour	5.25	5	5.25	73.00	78.25	150	52%			
	Annual	1.05	1	1.05	26.00	27.05	50	54%			
	3-hr	123.72	25	123.72	34.00	157.72	1300	12%			
SO <sub>2</sub>	24-hr	54.99	5	54.99	26.00	80.99	365	22%			
	Annual	11.00	1	11.00	8.00	19.00	80	24%			
NO <sub>2</sub>	Annual	29.49	1	29.49	17.00	46.49	100	46%			
00	1-hr	1,340.47	2000	1,340.47	3,600.00	4,940.47	10000	49%			
	8-hr	938.33	500	938.33	2,300.00	3,238.33	40000	8%			

#### Modeling Information - Point Source Stack Parameters Form MI2

	DEQ AIR QUALITY PROGRAM 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 For assistance, call the Air Permit Hotline - 1-877-5PERMIT							APPLICATION Revision 3 3/27/2007		
		Please s	see instruction	ns on page 2	before filli	ng out the fo	rm.			*
Company Name:	Cargill Environ	mental Finance				<u> </u>		·-···		
Facility Name:					Ket	tle Butte Dairy				
Facility ID No.:						1				
Brief Project Description:	Dairy anaerobi	c digester which	n captures bioga	s to produce el	ectricity throu	ah gensets.				
			POINT SOL						F1942-70	
1.	2.	3a.	3b.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
Emissions units	Stack ID	UTM Easting (m)	UTM Northing (m)	Base Elevation (m)	Stack Height (m)	Modeled Diameter (m)	Stack Exit Temperature (K)	Stack Exit Flowrate (acfm)	Stack Exit Velocity (m/s)	Stack orientation (e.g., horizontal, rain cap)
Point Source(s)	(1) 20 20 20 24									
2 GE Jenbacher 412 Generators	EP-1& EP-2	396,614.00		1,494.00	9.14	0.30	743.00	2,831.00	20.72	
1 Perennial Energy Flare	EP-3	396,614.00	4,836,838.00	1,494.00	6.10				20.72	vertical
	<del> </del>	030,014.00	4,030,030.00	1,494.00	0.10	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	vertical
	ļ									
									•	
	ļ									
-										
					-					
	<del> </del>									
(insert more rows as needed)										

#### Modeling Information - Fugitive Source Parameters Form MI3

							wodeling inform	iation - Fugitive S	ource Parameters	Form Wil3
	1410 N. Hilton, For assistance	line - 1-877-5PE	RMIT	PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICA Re						
		Please	see instruction	ns on page 2	before filling	out the form.	************************			
Company Name:	Cargill Environ	mental Finance								
Facility Name: Facility ID No.:	<del> </del>				Kettle	Butte Dairy				
Brief Project Description:	Dairy anaerobi	c digester which	captures biogas t	o produce electr	ricity through ge					
				E SOURCE P				and the second second		
1.	2.	3a.	3b.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
Emissions units	Stack ID	UTM Easting (m)	UTM Northing (m)	Base Elevation (m)	Release Height (m)	Easterly Length (m)	Northerly Length (m)	Angle from North (°)	Initial Vertical	Initial Horizontal Dimension
Area Source(s)			A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF		5.362					(m)
name of the emissions unit1										
name of the emissions unit2										
name of the emissions unit3	ļ									
name of the emissions unit4										
name of the emissions unit5	<u> </u>									
name of the emissions unit6										
name of the emissions unit7										
name of the emissions unit8										
name of the emissions unit9										
name of the emissions unit10				. Washington						
Volume Source(s)				r ya yayanaganan						
name of the emissions unit11										
name of the emissions unit12										
name of the emissions unit13										
name of the emissions unit14										
name of the emissions unit15										
name of the emissions unit16										
name of the emissions unit17										
name of the emissions unit18					t					
name of the emissions unit19										
(insert more rows as needed)										

#### Modeling Information - Buildings and Structures Form MI4 .

	1410 N. Hilto For assistand	EQ AIR QUALITY PROGRAM 410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 or assistance, call the ir Permit Hotline - 1-877-5PERMIT			PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APP					
		Please s	ee instruction	s on page 2 k	efore filling out th	e form.				
Company Name:	Cargill Enviro	nmental Fin	ance							
Facility Name:				. "1050	Kettle Butte Da	airy				
Facility ID No.:					1					
Brief Project Description:	Dairy anaero	bic digester v	which captures b	iogas to produc	e electricity through g	ensets.				
		30	JILDING AND	STRUCTUR	RE INFORMATION	Production of the production of the state of				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.				
Building ID Number	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Base Elevation (m)	Building Height (m)	Number of Tiers	Description/Comments				
Barn	410.00	76.00	1494.00	7.62	1	Barn nearest the stacks				
Building 2 ID										
Building 3 ID										
			·							
(insert more rows as needed)					- WILL					
				191111111						
	-									
		****								
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7/1			1							
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## PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 03/26/07

Please see instructions on page 2 before filling out the form.

	DENTIFICATIO	<b>N</b>							
Company Name:	Facility Name:	Facility ID No:							
Cargill Environmental Finance	Kettle Butte Da	niry		1					
Brief Project Description: Dairy Angerobic Dig	ester which cap	tures biogas to pr	oduce electricity	through gensets					
APPLIC	ABILITY DETE	RMINATION							
4000 000 000 000		⊠ NO	☐ YES	*					
Will this project be subject to 1990 CAA Section 112(g)?     (Case-by-Case MACT)		* If YES, applicant must submit an application for a ca case MACT determination [IAC 567 22-1(3)"b" (8)]							
2. Will this project be subject to a New Source Performance Stand	ard?	□NO	⊠ YES	YES*					
(40 CFR part 60)		*If YES, please identify sub-part: <u>JJJJ</u>							
3. Will this project be subject to a MACT (Maximum Achievable Coregulation? (40 CFR part 63)	ntrol <u>T</u> echnology)	☑ NO ☐ YES*  *If YES, please identify sub-part:							
THIS ONLY APPLIES IF THE PROJECT EMITS A HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTA	ANT								
4. Will this project be subject to a NESHAP (National Emission Sta	ndards for	⊠ NO	☐ YES	*					
Hazardous Air Pollutants) regulation? (40 CFR part 61)		*If YES, please identify sub-part:							
5. Will this project be subject to PSD (Prevention of Significant Det (40 CFR section 52.21)	erioration)?	⊠ NO	☐ YES						
O NI W I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	⊠ NO			*					
6. Was netting done for this project to avoid PSD?		*If YES, please attac	ch netting calculations	•					
IF YOU ARE UNSURE HOW TO ANSWER ANY OF THESE QUESTIONS, CALL THE AIR PERMIT HOTLINE AT  1-877-5PERMIT									



# APPENDIX B Air Quality Modeling Protocol



## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

RECEIVED

APR 28 2008

APR 2 4 2008

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
STATE A O PROGRAM

OFFICE OF ENFORCEMENT AND COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE

Jonathan Pettit
Air Quality Permit Analyst
Idaho Department of Environmental Quality
Air Quality Division
1410 N. Hilton
Boise, Idaho 83706-1255

Dear Mr. Pettit:

This is in response to your request for guidance regarding the use of Air to Fuel Ratio controllers (AFR) on lean burn and rich burn engines that are subject to the New Source Performance Standards for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines at 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ. Specifically, you request clarification of the provisions at 40 CFR Part 60, Section 60.4243(g) regarding: 1) whether use of an AFR is an enforceable requirement for engines that use three way catalysts; and 2) does the use of an AFR apply to both lean burn and rich burn engines that use three way catalysts.

Although not stated explicitly in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ, the use of an AFR is an enforceable requirement for rich burn engines that use three way catalysts. Question 10.2.2 in the 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ Response To Comment document clarifies this requirement by stating that:

An AFR is necessary and must be included with the operation of three way catalysts on rich burn engines and will have to be operated in an appropriate manner to ensure the proper engine operation and to minimize emissions.

Three way catalysts simultaneously reduce oxides of nitrogen  $(NO_X)$ , hydrocarbons (HC) and carbon monoxide (CO) through a series of reduction and oxidation reactions for engines that operate at or near stoichiometric conditions. The AFR is necessary because it maintains the appropriate air to fuel ratio so that these oxidation and reduction reactions can take place in the catalyst. In their absence, the three way catalyst would not work properly, and the engine would be unable to consistently comply with the emission requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ.